Grabhorn, Laura

From: Wolf Head [wolfhead@wolfheadstudios.com]

Sent: Monday, June 03, 2002 1:34 PM

To: Long House Cc: Mario Caro

Subject: Final Copy-Eagle Dancer & Raven Paddle

Hello once again-

I wasn't blessed to be a natural born writter...something I really have to work at...I was in a hurry to finish the writting late Saturady so that i could move onto wood carving on Monday. Well I looked over the text on Sunday eve. and noticed that a few sentences needed to be re-worked in order for them to fit into the flow.I promise this will be the last changes I make for now. So if you will... could you please <u>delete all the other emails I sent</u> and use only the info. on this email.

Sincerely,

Thanks.

Frank L. Fulmer

Wolf Head Studios

Raven Guiding the Tlingit Nation

"Raven Guiding the Tlingit Nation" was design to honor who we are, " HAA SHAGOON" past and future generations and the Creator. The bottom part of the Raven's beak is formed like a canoe with a man representing the Tlingit Nation riding inside the canoe, spiritually being guided by Raven the Creator. The handle for the paddle is also formed to the shape of a canoe.

This concept was in the making over a two-year period. My objective was to achieve a flow to the design using the old style heavy form line used by the earlier Tlingit artists. While at the same time, I was moved by visions I had for a new design and color for the Raven's head and body. The abalone shells used for the Creator's eyes and body represent His spirit that scintillates with flashes of His glory. I hope that I am pushing the envelope into new exciting directions by contributing these new concepts.

The Eagle Dancer

The Tlingit Chookaneidie Clan has called **Sit' Geey** (Glacier Bay) Alaska their ho many **HAA SHUKA** (generations). The Chookaneidie people prospered here beca abundance of wild life and plants provided by the Creator. The Chookaneidie peocommonly referred to **Sit' Geey** as the **sakwnéin éewu- kákw** (bread basket) respect for life, the Tlingit people gave thanks through prayer for the animals and whose lives were given so that the people might live.

The day of great sorrow and sadness came when the chief was forced to lead th **aantkeení** (village people) from their homelands because of advancing **t'éex's** glaciers) to a place on the out skirts of Sit' Geey they called **Hun-yaa-naa** (old \times Hoonah meaning, protected from the west wind). They began to prosper there b their chief's wisdom.

As winter gave way to early spring the chief and his people packed their canoes a returned back home to "Sit' Geey" to setup a temporary spring camp. They work from early morning to late at night harvesting **tléikw** (berries) and **x'oon dleey** and putting up **x'oon daneit** (seal grease) and **kat'ákx**i (berries put up with sa for their winter storage. By the end of spring season they made their way back to naa in time for the summer and fall salmon run.

One year a **yeis k'eeljáa** (fall wind storm) caused a fire to sweep through the destroying all the homes in its path along with their food storage. With the **táak** months approaching and little food left to feed the whole village, the chief began how the *aantkeení* were going to survive.

As the chief thought and pondered over the dilemma he had a vision where he walking along the *a-eegayáak* (shoreline near the village). Where he came upor *ulitoogu kaa ch'aak'* (super natural eagle) perched on a lower branch of a tre looking the shoreline of the bay. As the chief approached this *L-ulitoogu kaa ch'a* spoke to it saying: "*If only I were an ch'aak'* (bald-headed eagle) ... I would be far and wide to every part of our country to gather enough food to feed my peop not realize that this was an *L ulitoogu kaa ch'aak'* sent by the creator to help feed village.

The chief was astonished when the *L-ulitoogu kaa ch'aak'* eyes began to scintill white flashes of light as it spoke to him saying: "*Don't worry chief, Because of you heart and concerns for your aantkeení, I will catch enough food to feed the whole (village).* When the chief awoke from the vision he immediately called the *aantke* together to tell them of the good news. As the chief revealed his vision, some of wondered if this vision was real... or just wishful dreaming?

The following morning to every ones surprise, they found an abundance of seafe at the **aan x'ayee** (village center). The **L-ulitoogu kaa ch'aak'** brought them **x'o** (seal meat), **xáat** (salmon), **aashát** (steel head) and **x'wáat'** (dolly varden trouchief and his people rejoiced as they continued to find food every morning until the enough food to feed them through the **táakw** (winter) months.

At their first potlatch they gave thanks to the creator and the *L-ulitoogu kaa ch'a* saving their lives. The chief introduced a new dance to honor the *L-ulitoogu kaa* calling it "*The Eagle Dancer"*. While the chief was performing the dance before *aantkeeni* he was transformed into a *ch'aak'* and flew away. To this day he can I seen soaring high in the sky or perched high upon a branch of a tree watching or *aantkeeni*.

The photo you see called "*The Eagle Dancer*" shows the chief dressed in his rega with five abalone shells. While performing he is under going a transformation, tu into an eagle. The eagle's tail also serves as an apron that is part of the male performers regalia.

The story of "*The Eagle Dancer*" is contemporary and takes into account two matragic events that took place in the history of the Tlingit Chookaneidie Clan. The advancing ice age that forced our people to move from Glacier Bay over two hun fifty years ago and the fire that destroyed the village of *Hun-yaa-naa* (protected the west wind). in the 1940's. I felt it important enough to preserve these event weaving them into the story and the carving of "*The Eagle Dancer*" for the remembrance of who we are..." *HAA SHAGOON* "the generations who have puthe way before me and the generations to follow.

As a child my mother and her parents were one of a few families left to setup a traditional spring camp in Glacier Bay, Alaska before the U.S. Government closed gates to our homelands by declared it a National Park and cutting off our hunting to the area. To this day the Tlingit Chookaneidie people carry on the fight agains U.S. Government to gain back our identity " **HAA SHAGOON** "which is one wit *Geey* (Glacier Bay) our homeland that rightfully has belonged to us for 9,000 yea

Frank L. Fulmer

G'ooch-Sahyee (Wolf Head)

Wolfheadstudios.com