

Understand the techniques and simple results associated with:

Partial derivatives

Chain rule for functions of more than one variable

Tangent planes to surfaces (including level surfaces).

Directional derivatives

Gradient vector: calculate, interpret (magnitude is maximum slope and direction is direction of maximum slope), and understand connection with level curves and surfaces.

Optimization

Find critical points of functions of more than one variable.

Identify critical points as max, min or saddle points using the Hessian

Use the method of Lagrange multipliers to calculate optimal points subject to some constraint

Double and triple integrals

setup the limits of integrated integrals for various regions

know how to change the order of integration with reference to the region of integration.

Change double integrals to polar coordinates and change triple integrals to cylindrical and spherical polar coordinates

applications of integration: average values, mass and center of mass, surface area of parametric surfaces

Useful Review Questions from Stewart:

Chapter 11 Review p833 Ex 24,35,36,39,43,44,45,48,51,53,59,61

Chapter 12 Review: p 911 Ex 3,5,9,11,12,13,16,21,25,35,38,41,47

Also look at the concept checks and quiz questions on p 831 and p 910