## Answer Key Chemistry workshop for May 13, 2008- Part I

I.

- 1.  $2 \text{ H}^+ + e^- + \text{NO}_2^- \rightarrow \text{NO} + \text{H}_2\text{O}$  (oxygen is -2 in each case, N is reduced from +3 to +2
- 2.  $H_2O + NO_2^- \rightarrow NO_3^- + 2 H^+ + 2 e^-$  (O is -2 in each case, N is oxidized from +3 to +5)
- 3.  $2 e^{-} + 2 H^{+} + (CH_3)_2 SO \rightarrow (CH_3)_2 S + H_2O$  (dimethylsulfoxide to dimethylsulfide, sulfur reduced from +4 to +2, or +2 to O, depending on how you want to treat the C-S bond)
- 4.  $2e^{-} + 2H^{+} + S \rightarrow H_2S$  (S is reduced from 0 to -2)
- 5.  $S + 4 H_2O \rightarrow H_2SO_4 + 6 e^- + 6 H^+$  (S is oxidized from 0 to +6)
- 6.  $2 e^{-} + Hg_2^{+2} \rightarrow Hg$  (Mercury is reduced from +1 to 0)

II. Balance each of the following equations by the half-reaction method. In your balanced equation indicate the element oxidized, the element reduced, the oxidizing agent, and the reducing agent.

A.  $H_2 + SO_4^{-2} \rightarrow HS^- + H_2O$   $4(H_2 \rightarrow 2 H^+ + 2 e^-)$   $8 e^- + 9 H^+ + SO_4^{-2} \rightarrow HS^- + 4 H_2O$ Net:  $4H_2 + H^+ + SO_4^{-2} \rightarrow HS^- + 4 H_2O$  (S is reduced, H is oxidized; H<sub>2</sub> is the reducing agent,  $SO_4^{-2}$  is the oxidizing agent) B.  $H_2S + MnO_2 \rightarrow Mn^{2+} + S$   $H_2S \rightarrow S + 2 H^+ + 2 e^ 2 e^- + 4 H^+ + MnO_2 \rightarrow Mn^{2+} + 2 H_2O$ Net:  $H_2S + 2 H^+ + MnO_2 \rightarrow S + Mn^{2+} + 2 H_2O$  (S is oxidized, Mn is reduced;  $H_2S$ is the reducing agent,  $MnO_2$  is the oxidizing agent.