Out on a Limb: The things people think are obvious are exaggerated, while many things that'll have a real impact are invisible now.

Of all the future stuff done in the 50s and 60s, nobody foresaw the extent of computers. Nobody foreseethat there would be computers in toaster, telephones and cash registers. If you asked 60's Sci Fi writers about the 90's, they'd have said there would be manned space stations and lots of activity in outer space. They would have been shocked if you told them that econmics would nearly shut down the space effort so there would be no manned space stations in 1990. I wouldn't bet on these predictions, but I'll go out on a few limbs:

As we approach the millennium there will be an outrageous, quasi-religious lunacy that will manifest itself in a variety of ways. It might make the largest part of the 90s really serve

There may be a shift in world power from Western countries to Eastern countries. For instance, it could be that one of the more powerful countries will be Korea.

As far as the "war on drugs" is concerned, the U.S. will either become a police state or drugs will be legalized with bizarre results. What we're doing now is so stupid.

I also expect some extraordinary facts about human biology to surface, along with some very weird possibilities in regard to changing our biology. For instance, there may be interdimensional gates that change the fetus to prevent disease or to make qualitative change — to affect what comes out. This won't happen in the next 10 years, but maybe in the next 20 to 50.

I predict something odd, fantastic, scary, unusual, and extraordinary in South America. We've forced several generations of children to be raised in the midst of the drug trade, with such a lack of resources, anything that survives will be very tough.

The world will become much smaller. We'll feel each others' pain, suffering and joy much more at the end of the century than at the beginning. We can participate in each other's joy and sorrow in real time, spread all over the world.

Here's a prediction I will bet money on: If you don't like video games and TV now, you'll hate what happens next.

Tom Maddox
Evergreen's Writing Coordinator and a nationally recognized science fiction writer. Maddox's stories have been published in Omni, Isaac Asimov's SF Magazine and several anthologies. His fist book will be published, he predicts, in a year or two by Tor Books.
Host of Brown Bag Dance Party
Olympia, WA

nothing has happened for a while. It seems something multinational. I sure hope so.

Yeah, we'll still be playing and listening to oldies, too. That'll be the oldies for people who came of age in the '70s and '80s. Oldies from the '50s and '60s in 2000, but we'll also be playing Disco oldies, too. That'll be the oldies for people who came of age in the '70s and '80s.

Welcome to Lacolytum! By 2000, Lacy, Olympia and Tumwater will have some kind of consolidated structure in place that will govern the three cities.

Mr. Klop
Faculty Member

Omnia Extares!
Snowboarding, sailing, basketball and volleyball will be intercollegiate sports at Evergreen in 2000.

Corey Meador '82
Recreation Sports Coordinator

MicroSoft will eclipse IBM.

A View From The Kansai One of the main criticisms of Japan’s role in the world is “it doesn’t get involved.” This stems from a cultural/historical perspective, but it also stems from the international political neutralizing administered to Japan at the end of the war. I don’t see Japan assuming America’s “sentimental imperialist” viewpoint anytime soon. An insider’s view, I’d say, Japan has no intention of going there.

The Kansai, which is the region where I live, could be poised to launch itself as a new center for business in the Pacific. The Kansai region, I’d say, is an economic powerhouse. The region’s leader is a new regional leader; that is, someone who was born after the war.

German reunification is a complicating factor. I don’t know of any power that would benefit from German reunification, which would make Germany the most powerful country on the continent.

I’d suggest that the only possibly acceptable united Germany would be a neutral, partially disarmed Germany that would not be in any alliance or system.

Hegel refers to the phenomena of “world historical moments” as events so complicated that we can’t get our minds around them. The revolutions of 1898 constituted such a moment. The rapidity and almost total unpredictability of the revolutions in Eastern Europe should teach us all a great deal of humility.

I see what’s happening in Eastern Europe as a culmination of the revolutions of 1898. Of the events and figures that carried them through, the revolution’s leaders are poets and members of the intelligentsia. The demands are the same: self-determination, freedom of the press, freedom of assembly and democracy.

Gorbachev has proven all the pundits wrong. There are few guidelines to follow in predicting what will happen next, but I don’t believe Gorbachev has a grand design for Eastern Europe. His policy has been a series of improvisations.

The U.S.S.R. has been the strangest “empire” in history. Generally, an empire drains its subjects for the good of the metropolitan center. But the standard of living in the Soviet Union has been the lowest of the Eastern European countries. The Soviets export raw materials in exchange for shoes and other manufactured goods.

Most of Eastern Europe is dependent on the U.S.S.R. for raw materials. Now comes the crunch. The Soviet Union could say to Poland, to Romania, “Okay, you have our blessing to leave, but we’re going to stop subsidizing your economy with cheap energy sources. We’ll start charging you the world price.”

That’ll happen currently, the revolution sends coal and oil to Eastern Europe at anywhere from 20% to 75% below world market prices. But now the Soviet Union, in its efforts to refurbish its own economy, may not be able or willing to offer such discounts.

That’s the irony of free enterprise: freedom to choose and freedom from choice.

I don’t believe the Soviet Union will be able to recover the kind of influence they have had in Eastern Europe. The revolutions in those countries are irreversible. Even if Gorbachev is replaced (and 1990 will be the critical year for him), even the hardest of the hardliners can see the futility of reversing the revolutions of 1989.

I don’t think that any Eastern European country will turn to a laissez-faire economy. There’s a strong element in Solidarity, for example, of the Social Democrat that does not envision free enterprise in the sense of Western or Japanese corporations. There’s, too, an Eastern European consciousness, which is the exception of Czechoslovakia, that is not energy dependent. What could emerge as a new Eastern European Common Market.

German reunification is a complicating factor. I don’t know of any power that would benefit from German reunification, which would make Germany the most powerful country on the continent.

I’d suggest that the only possibly acceptable united Germany would be a neutral, partially disarmed Germany that would not be in any alliance or system.

Welcome to Lacolytum! By 2000, Lacy, Olympia and Tumwater will have some kind of consolidated structure in place that will govern the three cities.

Eric Lauer
Faculty Member

Disco Gold? I hate making music predictions because when I first heard “I Wanna Hold Your Hand” (in the back of a Chevy), I said, “Those guys suck” (or whatever put-down we back then, and I’ve been ordering crow pie from Eagan’s Drive-In ever since.

Yeah, we’ll still be playing and listening to oldies from the ‘70s and ‘80s, but we’ll also be playing Disco oldies, too. That’ll be the oldies for people who came of age in the ‘70s and ‘80s.

The Bonneville Dam is a remarkable piece of engineering, but nothing new is really happening in the music world. Nothing new has happened for a while. It seems everything’s on hold. When something new does happen, it’s coming from somewhere else, something multinational. I sure hope so.

Carl Cook ’76
Host of Brown Bag Dance Party
KAOS KQ92.3
Olympia, WA

The Broadmerk Forecast

Patrick Hill
General Manager
KAOS FM 89.3, Evergreen’s Community Radio Station

Meanwhile, Back at the KAOS Ranch...

By 2000, KAOS will be breaking into the burgeoning era. Majorly. Seriously. By 2000, we’ll have five, paid, full-time staffs, a 24-hour-a-day broadcast schedule and 10,000 listeners (up from 2,500 now). KAOS will also be recognized as one of the leading public radio stations in the country.

Public radio in the ‘90s will be leaner and meaner. Single-focus jazz or classical stations will suffer because they’ll become so isolated. Stations that do well will have a multicultural approach.

What Intercollegiate Sport Will NOT Be Featured At Evergreen in 2000?

Ron Chesnut
Director of Campus Recreation and Athletics

Tick, tick, tick.... Will the Mariners finish above .500 by 2000?

Patrick Hill
Provost

Greener Guesses From The Numbers Man

Number of students enrolled in 2000: 4,004
Percentage from Thurston County: 60%
Percentage from other Washington counties: 24%
Average student age in 2000: 24
Percentage of female students: 56% (60%)
Percentage of smoking students: 19%
Part-time students: 11.5% (20%)
Percentage of Class of 2000 attending Evergreen all four years: 30%
Average length of speeches at 2000 commencement: no speeches, 30-second sound bits.

Steve Hunter ’79
Director of Institutional Research, Evergreen

Percentage of Class attending KAOS events: 14%
Percentage of Class of 2000 attending Evergreen all four years: 30%
Percentage from other Washington counties: 40%
Yup, Yuppies in 2000.

They'll drink carrot juice with copper in it because it takes out the radiation in them.

I think there always will be people who try to thing they're better and are hedonistic. It's just a matter of what they're called.

Jacinta McKay, former student Performance Arts Assistant

The Glass Ceiling

I don't consider myself a spokesperson for Asian American peoples, particularly in light of the tremendous diversity that exists within this population. I can speak from my own experience, with the understanding that any advice I have is from the perspective of a Sami, or third-generation Japanese American.

The U.S. is becoming more conscious of the importance of relations with Pacific Rim countries; "multicultural awareness" is a frequently heard expression. Whether this emphasis on awareness is one of substance or the latest fad is yet to be seen. Regardless, I still have many fears about the year 2000. Less than 50 years ago Japanese Americans were victims of the "yellow peril," lynched and forced into concentration camps. The redress movement has been relatively well publicized, but still no payments have been made as former internees rapidly pass away.

Japanese investments in the U.S. have brought much racist reactionism, but one rarely hears of the European countries that have even larger investments here.

The most recent Southeast Asian immigrants are often characterized as a continuation of the "model minority." Some are adapting well and achieving. Still, many are struggling. Immigrants previously regarded as liabilities are being compensated for a three-year adjustment period upon arrival. They receive less than $50 per month for the first year. I fear many will be exploited as cheap labor force, as were Filipinos before them, Japanese before them, and Chinese before them. Another current issue is characterized by the Pacific Islander Americans' dilemma of being categorized into the broad "Asian" classification, or as "other". Neither of these adequately describes their identity. This will continue to be an issue as oppressed ethnic groups struggle for self determination.

If Asian Americans who have achieved a degree of success can break through the proverbial "glass ceiling" that maintains the current Euro-American male power structure, perhaps we can prevent similar issues from escalating. But whether or not this barrier is broken, I believe it to be of critical importance that young Asian Americans remember the exploitation, racism and suffering that previous generations have endured. Any success we have or will yet achieve, is to a large degree, due to their strength and perseverance.

Eugene Fujimoto

Acting Director

First Peoples' Advising Services

Hermeneutic Science

Science will start to change in the '90s. In broad, simplistic terms, the methodology of research will likely switch from a reductionist mode to a hermeneutic model. We'll gain an understanding of the whole instead of just piece parts. This new way of scientific inquiry requires an understanding of a subject within its context. It's the kind of thinking that Evergreen students and faculty already do. In the process of interacting outside my field, I've continually learned a great deal about the non-objectivity of science.

Janeen Otis
Faculty Member

The View From The Beer Garden: June 3, 2000

There'll be 39,816 folks at Super Saturday. The highlight will be the appearance of the first woman president of the United States floating in on a laser beam to open the celebration. It will be accompanied by music from what's left of the Who.

PLUS...

At the current rate of over 86 new graduates a year, our alumni ranks will nearly double to 20,000. Graduates will continue to affiliate New York, Boston, D.C., San Francisco, L.A., Chicago and Denver. The 1-3 strip will be a green belt. We'll get Greener and Greener. But we still won't have a grad in Mississippi.

Larry Stenberg
Mr. Super Saturday
and Director of Alumni and Community Relations

Maybe It'll Be MacroSoft?

Ready for a wild prediction? Okay, by 2000, Microsoft (home of many Greener alums) will eclipse IBM as the biggest computer company.

Casy Bakker '80
Alumni Association President
Certified Financial Planner, Olympia, WA

A Sea of Troubles

If things don't change, we're going to dice in the next 20 years. We're causing incredible damage to the world's surface: our oceans. Coastal factories continue to dump waste into our food supplies.

Despite the governmental objective of zero dolphin kills, we're killing 1,250 dolphins a year. If changes aren't made, dolphins, at best, will be an endangered species by the year 2000. At worst, many species will be extinct.

We need to enact environmental controls immediately. We need to monitor industrial dumping. The EPA (Environmental Protection Agency) has to stand up and do what they were created to do. We need better, more thorough observations of aquatic populations.

We need to start thinking along the lines of protecting an endangered ocean.

Chris Blankenship '80
Marine Biologist
DolphinPlus ('80) and Marine Mammal Research and Education Center, Key Largo, FL

Chris is developing an acoustic harassment device that will be used to keep dolphins away from tuna nets where thousands die each year.

Worker-owned companies, companies that aren't top-heavy are good models in this regard.

Julie Grant '79
Grants Associate
Specialists in Vocational Rehabilitation, Olympia, WA

$903 or Free?

By the year 2000, tuition for state residents will be $903 per quarter, and $2963 for out-of-state students. (Today, tuition is $506 for residents, $1775 for non-residents.)

Or, it could be that tuition will be free because residents of Washington think it's wonderful that people want to come to school here. That's my dream of course. But I'm sure it won't be the appearance of the first woman president of the United States floating in on a laser beam to open the celebration. It will be accompanied by music from what's left of the Who.

Jacinda Hunter
Assistant to the Dean for Registration and Records

Hot Hats and More Skin

We're talking comfort, absolute comfort. And lots of weird, different materials you never dreamed of — like fabric that changes color with changes in the temperature, your mood, whether it's wet or dry. The Chinese have already come up with a fabric that changes colors with moisture. I hear they're going to make swimsuits with it.

Hats will be hot, for men and women. They'll be wild. They'll be created by nature, not manufactured. There will be no more hats. Of course, no one will have to wear them, not real ties. They'll come up with some kind of synthetic tan that doesn't cause skin cancer.

People will change their hair color to match their clothes — and they'll do it often, because there'll be a way to do it every day.

Jill Wyman '88
Jill is a marketing and advertising consultant for an importer of Far Eastern jewelry and for Acme Productions of Portland, OR.
**The Disease**

What I hope AIDS means in the year 2000 is history—something bad that happened as it is a current situation. But I don’t think that’s going to be true. Even if no one else gets the disease, there’ll still be people living with AIDS and dying with AIDS. Even if we do develop a cure, families and friends will still be grieving for those they lost.

What I hope is that after 10 more years of dealing with AIDS we’re a society that will be a lot more tolerant of differences, and that won’t be a matter of, “Should we spend the money for health care for these people?”

The other thing I really hope for is that there will be more cooperation between the people dealing with the medical aspects and those dealing with the psychological and emotional aspects of the disease—that there’s equal attention to both.

Ronni Hacken ’82

Hacken works with Maureen Forrey Parker ’83 as Counseling Coordinator of Olympia. They hold a support group for people who have tested HIV positive, have ARC or AIDS, and their families and friends.

We’re Working On It

The future? Look, I just want to be able to fax myself to Venice, Italy, then to Paris by 2000.

Kate Croner ’80

Prior Learning Experience Coordinator

The World Recolonized?

This summer, Castro said the Third World is worried about recolonization. I think he’s right. With the current situation in Europe, there is no longer any opposition to invasion of South America.

Drugs are going to be the name of the invasion game. Americans are willing to give up their civil liberties in the name of the war on drugs. They’re willing to give up the civil liberties of others in this case. They’re willing to invade more than one Latin American country. But they forget to ask. What is it about our society that makes so many young people in the U.S. want to run away to drugs?

To the degree you can claim you’ve reached the end of history, that you’ve won a war of ideas (Capitalism over Communism), you can believe we are the zenith of human development. But what if you believe that strength comes from the grass roots up. I don’t believe that strength comes from the grass roots up.

Lucia Handler ’86

Family Member and Past Co-Chair of the Thurston County Rainbow Coalition

Doing The Right Thing

By the year 2000, 80% of the U.S. work force will be made up of women and people of color. Another significant change is the work force will not be made up of people with disabilities.

Affirmative Action will require us to examine where 80% is represented in the work force. Will they be spread across all levels or will they be relegated to the low-paying jobs? Affirmative Action will emphasize minority options for training and for upward mobility.

The change that will bring about true Affirmative Action will be largely through external forces. Federal and state offices will continue to monitor the goals we’ve set. Employers will have to meet these goals. There’ll also be an internal change. As we get an increase of people of color and women in management positions, there’ll be a change in attitude. More and more organizations will no longer be white male clubs.

Folks don’t give up power easily. Few of us do. But that sharing of power comes about because some external force requires you to do so, or because enlightened self-interest, you know you’re going to feel better for doing the right thing.

I’m an optimist. While I admit that a lot of people look at Affirmative Action and multiculturalism as some kind of panacea, many more people are beginning to see the move to a multicultural society as a way of celebrating life.

Margarita Mendoca de Saguaya
Special Assistant to the President for Affirmative Action

Keep Your Trade-offs Out of My Cart

The health care system recently surveyed food habits to see what will be coming by the mid-’90s look for the eat-all-melon. Researchers are aiming to produce a new category of products that can be eaten like an apple. This should do away with that unsightly rind problem.

Research is moving along on carbonated milk. This is a response to changing American tastes reflected in increasing pop sales and decreasing sales of milk. For any animal activists out there, you’ll want to know they’re planning to add the carbonation after the cow is milked.

Richard Nelson says, “is more of a maintenance function than pleasurable experience. The word trade-off quotes the research director of Campbell’s Soups: “Food today,”

Keep your trade-offs out of my shopping cart. But it looks like Campbell’s is not alone.

Remind me to keep his trade-offs out of my shopping cart. We’ll face a tough fiscal challenge, both for capital and operating dollars. I think the most likely solution is to turn to more fundraising on the institutional level.

Finally, the biggest (and oldest) challenge will be maintaining our unique character in the light of ever-increasing, external demands. Specifically, I’m thinking of the rising need to serve working, part-time students. Yet, almost all our academic programs, I don’t have a pat answer for this dilemma. No one does. Yet, Evergreen will have to strike a delicate balance between responding to public needs and remaining true to itself.

Jennifer Sack ’85
Assistant to the President for Governmental Relations

WHAT!!?!?
The most popular Greener hangout in 2000 will be the University of Washington. Evergreen will cease to exist. By that time, the U. will have absorbed everything.

Mary Lou O’Neill, senior

The above was excerpted from his January 21 commentary on KPLU-FM in Tacoma.
**Bigger and Better**

The Alumni Association will offer a lot more services in the '90s. We’ll have a real handle on regional directories and regional offices.Greener in business will help each other out. There’ll be an alumni job bank and a bigger, tighter network.

**Janine Thorne ’87**
Alumni Board Member

**Care**

I think the rising cost of health care as well as increasing demand from the growing populations of elderly and from people with AIDS is going to result in a new way of providing health care. The federal government will have to step in and make sure health care is paid for in a different way than it has been. We’ll be looking at some kind of national health coverage. It could be a combination of continuing health care: using the employer-payer system, but supplementing it with a government-payer system for other employees and people that aren’t working. As fine it could be controversial because it’s a different way of providing health care. But Medicare and Medicaid were introduced in the ’60s, so I think in the ’90s we’ll see that kind of coverage expanded to include everyone.

**Gail Tamaka ’74**
Data Analyst and Policy Advisor
CHIEF, Comprehensive Health Education Foundation
A Non-profit Agency in Seattle

**Wisdom**

Nature writing (such as the works of Geraldine Eichler, Peter Matthiessen and Barry Lopez) will be very, very important because it deals with systems and wisdom. It may be the only place in the '90s where wisdom will come through. Our education system has sold out so entirely that wisdom won’t come from there. Even when Americans talk about bettering education, it isn’t for the purpose of wisdom, but in order to make us better competitors with Japan. And even though there’s a return to religion, it’s not dealing with wisdom but with dogma.

But nature writing is based on observing, understanding, appreciation, and probably most important of all, on preserving.

**Sandra Simon**
Faculty Member

**You Don’t Miss It Till The Well...**

Water will be the issue of the decade for the Intermountain West. We’re changing our values from quantity to quality. It used to be everyone here thought of water in terms of, “How much can I get to put on my potatoes?” Now, people are asking, “How clean is the water?”

In some areas, it may be too late to save our water, especially groundwater. Water consciousness will move North. It’ll begin in the U.S. Southwest as their water problems become more local. Water consciousness will move North. It’ll begin in the U.S. Southwest as their water problems become more problems, local. For example, new cover technology allows season extension for Northern California sponsored programs, agriculture and rural communities will face a strong marketing emphasis by 2000. With new technology and low volume, highly differentiated products that precisely match consumer preferences, houses, like residences for students will be sports collective, for example, a Rugby House. There could be nutrition and food preference houses, like residences for students who enjoy red meat, no red meat, or vegetarians. These could be a fashion theme, maybe a Givenchy designer house or a Free Box collective. There could be an apothecary house or a jazz or classical music house. It should be very interesting.

Gail Martin
Vice President for Student Affairs

**Planet Fever**

There’s still some debate as to whether there is sufficient evidence to say we’re going into a period of global warming. Despite the controversy, we should start acting as though it is happening by focusing on things like energy conservation and alternative energy sources, particularly solar energy. If it turns out we need these resources and they are not as severe as people feared, we’ll be better off by making the changes. But if we don’t, and we have global warming, we’ll be in a very serious bind.

In considering a worst case scenario, I would say by the year 2000 there could be very, very serious effects—in fact, profound effects. Chlorofluorocarbons (CFC) damage to the atmos- phere could last for quite some time. In the Pacific Northwest, there could be some climatic shifts, such as changes in temperatures and rainfall that could have impacts on agriculture and forests. Water for irrigation in Eastern Washington could become scarcer, and the weather could cause some species of trees to die out. There would be impacts on fisheries as flow rates of rivers and streams change. Water temperatures in the Puget Sound and on the coast would change. A sea-level rise is a real possibility, and that could have gigantic impacts here.

Unfortunately, many people see this as just another environmental problem with a scientific solution. We’re going to have to pay equal attention to solutions and changes in the realm of political economy. We have an environmental problem that needs an interdisciplinary approach and solution. I don’t see any evidence that’ll happen in the near future.

**Terri Tackett**
Faculty Member

**Room With a View?**

It looks down on the beach. We drive from the tower and it ll be cool to live there.

**Amy Harris, senior**
Faculty Member

Page 5
**Alumni Board Responds to Armed Security Issue**

*By Janine Thome '87*

In 1985, TESC Campus Security officers were reclassified to campus police officers by the Higher Education Personnel Board because the board agreed with Security that they were performing daily police officer duties. This action paved the way for officers to request handgun for the safety of officers and the campus.

A campus DTF opposed the issuance of handgun at that time. Security members cite confrontations with knife-wielding suspects, not necessarily students, and other potentially dangerous situations as reasons for their request. Security has also filed a complaint with the Washington State Department of Labor and Industries, citing unsafe working conditions.

Those opposed to the issuance of handgad find that the campus level of crime does not warrant armed security officers, that the presence of guns would diminish Campus-security communication, is not consistent with Evergreen philosophies and would increase the possibility of a dangerous confrontation.

As of this writing, the bills will proceed to the Senate Higher Education Committee. Evergreen's Trustees stated that they will examine the issue at their next monthly Board meeting. The Alumni Association encourages all concerned alumni to contact their legislators.

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**Planning a Conference?**

If you know that there are over 1,000 Greener in Seattle or want to meet them, then you've come to the right place. Evergreen Publishing specializes exclusively in the production of Alumni Directories and has a reputation for high quality work and sensitive, professional contact with alumni. We have the resources and the flexibility to accommodate the needs of your group.

Conference planners will appreciate our staff's knowledge in administering all your housing, food service, meeting facility, leisure and special interest needs because the only things cast in stone are our buildings. We'd be happy to send information on how you can contact the Alumni Office, Lecture Hall 10. The Evergreen State College, Olympia, Washington, 98505.

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**For All You Seattleites**

Did you know there are over 1,000 Greener in the Seattle area? It's time, again, to set up weekly, respective or unregistered gatherings for the Seattle grads. If you have a group of interested alumni, please contact the Alumni Office at (206) 866-6000, ext. 6190 for more information.

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Evergreen last lost one of its best friends on January 16 when Hanna Spielholz, an outstanding alumna and volunteer par excellence, died following a long illness. As a student, business, travel guide, counselor and volunteer, Spielholz gave thousands of hours of her time to support the college.

That support, which began in 1970, included membership in the college's first and strongest student government, the Green Seat, as well as in the student group that organized the first student government, the student government of the new college and the Thurston County Community. For almost 10 years, Spielholz and her husband, Les, worked tirelessly to bring the college to Evergreen and Evergreen to the community through tours, lecture programs, receptions and much more. "Much more" included speaking out strongly and often to state and local decision-makers on behalf of the college during its critical early years.

"Hanna and Les were always available to faculty, students and staff," says Larry Stenberg, director of Community and Alumni Relations. "They literally spent thousands of hours on the campus in volunteerizing, in encouraging, in providing advice, counsel and support."

Both Spielholzes have also been enthusiastic students in programs such as "War" and "The Human Condition," and participants in Elderhostel programs on campus.

Over the years, Evergreen has paid tribute to its "founding volunteers" by naming them the first recipients of the Super Saturday Citizen of the Year award in 1981. They also received the Distin- guished Service Award from the Board of Trustees in 1986 and were honored Honorary Alumni by Evergreen's Alumni Association in 1988.

"Hanna," said President Joe Olander, "has left her mark on Evergreen and enriched the lives of those of us who had the privilege to know her. Hanna's presence will be forever missed by her friends."
Evergreen's New Leaders

Today, three new trustees help decide Evergreen's future: Lila Girvin Constance Rice and Carol Vipperman. The trio was appointed to Evergreen's Board of Trustees by Governor Booth Gardner on October 30.

Lila Girvin is a Spokane artist who was appointed to replace David Tang, who stepped down on October 12. Girvin, who holds a bachelor's degree from the University of Washington and serves on the Spokane Community Development Task Force, the Spokane Boundary Review Board and the City of Spokane Arts Commission. She is active in the North- west Regional Foundation Board, Physicians for Social Responsibility Beyond War and the Handbook Education Action League. Girvin's oldest son, Tim, '73, is a Greenpeace activist.

Constance Rice is the president of a Seattle public relations and management consulting firm. She was appointed to replace Bill Robinson whose term expired. Rice holds a doctorate in philosophy in Higher Education Administration from the University of Washington. Before establishing her own company, Rice served as the manager of the communications division for METRO. She is a former chairperson of the Ethnic Studies Division at Shoreline Community College and was the director of the Center for Urban Studies at Western Washington State University. Rice is a member of the Branch Campus Selection Advisory Board and the U.W. Vocational Rehabilitation Advisory Board. She is married to Seattle Mayor Norm Rice.

Carol Vipperman is the president of a consulting firm for businesses and professions in sales, marketing and communications. She was appointed to replace George Mante whose term expired. Vipperman is an officer and chair of the Small Business Council of the Greater Seattle Chamber of Commerce. She is a member of the Health Care Marketing Association, the International Transactional Analysis Association and was a delegate to the 1986 White House Conference on Small Business.

"The new trustees are exceptionally talented individuals and wise, witty and warm human beings," says President Joe Olander. "They will, I am sure, continue the fine tradition of service to the college as exhibited by former trustees Mante, Robinson and Tang."

Bay Area Tidings

The following excerpts are letters from Bay Area alumni in response to a letter of concern sent after last October's earthquake by Larry Sanberg, director of Alumni and Community Relations.

I am very moved by the concern you showed in your letter to Bay Area Evergreeners. I thought to myself, "what other college in the country has sent or would send such a note to their alumni because of this disaster?" As for me, my family, and the community of San Rafael, we made out very well. Almost no damage was reported here. But even for us, this time is a very emotional and touching drama. We all know or knew someone who directly experienced great loss.

Even now, almost a month after, I keep recounting the misfortune that occurred or the bravery and altruism displayed by so many people in helping others. Most Bay Area residents seem to rise above themselves by giving their time, energy, money or all these things to those who lost so much. It is a very human time here. Even those who escaped with their lives but lost all else feel lucky and happy to be alive. One woman I know who lost her $1,000,000 home told me how lucky she and her husband were compared to others. She said she was on top of the world, she'd bounce right back! People seem to be much more moved by such attitudes and heroic acts than by the fear and panic that are so much a part of our daily lives.

Carol Vipperman is an Evergreen Trustee. She's a former executive director of the City of Seattle's Office of Economic Development where she served as the Executive Director of the Seattle Chamber of Commerce. She is a member of the Health Care Marketing Association, the International Transactional Analysis Association and was a delegate to the 1986 White House Conference on Small Business.

"The new trustees are exceptionally talented individuals and wise, witty and warm human beings," says President Joe Olander. "They will, I am sure, continue the fine tradition of service to the college as exhibited by former trustees Mante, Robinson and Tang."

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New Trustees (l to r) Carol Vipperman, Lila Girvin and Constance Rice.

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Although much less destructive than hurricane Hugo, our earthquake, without forewarning, was probably the more frightening of the two disasters. As usual, the people most affected by the disaster are the people least able to respond: the non-English speaker, who cannot understand the FEMA relief forms, without a safety cushion of funds, and living in a house trailer or older mansestry structure that was much more likely to be damaged.

Luckily, we have drawn together to make sure everyone has his basic needs satisfied and that their Thanksgiving will be plentiful. Now, if we, as a country, would only provide for people's basic needs all the time without the prompting of a natural event...

Thanks again for your encouragement—once again, Evergreen distinguishes itself.

Grady Ward '86

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I was in downtown San Francisco at 5:04, October 17, and got home about 1 p.m. by bus across the G.G. Bridge and back to Alamedia where I live. I had lights, phone, etc. and only a few broken dishes. However, I think I had a "personal quake" around this. I hope to make a move within the next year, possibly to Washington D.C. and Howard University for grad school.

Somehow, I'm convinced that the Bay Area is not taking the seriousness of the Quake to heart.

Jacquelyn Gouldeau '76

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The Quake rendered Highway 17 between Los Gatos and the Santa Cruz mountains useless—the main commuting artery for 30,000 Santa Cruz residents who work in the Bay Area. My husband was one of those who was forced to commute over a dangerous mountain highway that served as a temporary detour while Highway 17 was rebuilt.

Five days ago he was on that road when he was in a head-on auto accident. I have spent the last five days in the intensive care unit and spinal injury department. My husband's vertebrae was fractured. He will be incapacitated in a body cast and traction for nearly a year. When you write to say you will "certainly do anything to help," I was moved. It was no coincidence that I received your letter the first day I was able to come home to see our two-year-old, gather mail and head back to the hospital. We do need your help as we cope with this far reaching consequence of the earthquake.

—Money to cover the thousands of dollars of medical care and to provide basics for our family who will have no income for one year.
—Nursing help to provide 24-hour, in-home care for my husband
—Income in the form of home-based work my husband and I could do during his incapacitation
—Entertainment in the form of books, crafts that he could use while he is unable to work
—Prayers—you good friends will help, too.
—An account of assistance will be gratefully accepted.

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The emotional stress created by the destruction caused by the seismic movement is only compounded by the sensationalism given to it by the media. For those of us who were out of town at 5:30, October 17, seeing continuous footage of the Marina fire and collapsed freeways created much anxiety. I spoke about six weeks to recover.

At the time, I was in the sauna at the Bihmore Hotel in downtown LA resting from a presentation I gave; given that afternoon on nuclear reactor performance to energy economists. There was a buzz of interest around the TV in the weight room. I became surrounded by strangers and heard about the collapsed freeways. Immediately, I tried to call home. Of course, I was unable to get through. There were reports of a fire in the library on the UC Berkeley campus. Without trying to substantiate these reports, the news media had us believe that the East Bay was burning. In fact, the only fire was at an auto body shop.

Stanford sustained major damage. My office was a mess. Bookshelves had fallen. My computer table had collapsed, crushing my diskettes. My building was closed because of asbestos dust.

During the next few weeks, there were three omnipresent questions: (1) Was that an aftershock? (2) Was that crack there before the Quake? and (3) When will the Bay Bridge be opened? Slowly, the true extent of the damage was revealed. Libraries at Stanford are still closed. Two-thirds of my building is surrounded by high fences, barbed wire, and yellow plastic "police-ine" ribbon. Waiting the politically-correct period, I almost missed watching the twisted mass of concrete and steel rebar that was the hated freeway structure on Nimitz Freeway. The number of homeless in SF and Berkeley has grown, and city officials seem more tolerant of homeless camps in very public places.

With the miraculous opening of the Bay Bridge for the Christmas shopping season, the feeling I get is that people want to deny that it ever happened. The main opening line of conversation during the last two weeks of October and November was "Where were you during the Quake?" I haven't been asked since Thanksgiving. It seems, the problem is that the damage remains and there is little preparation for the "Really Big Quake."

I look forward to seeing you on your next trip here. But when you come, bring a flashlight and a gallon of water.

Geoffrey Rothwell, '73
Faculty Member, Stanford University

Also: From the Caribbean

Hurricane Hugo swept through the Virgin Islands September 17-18. Its force was amazing. It blew away or water damaged many of our material investments. We still have no phone or electricity and our roof is only somewhat protective. The temperature is warm and beautiful, as always.

The way I figure it, the education is the only thing that did not blow away and instead only increased, tempered by nature's display.

We are thankful for life! Jeanne Vonderson '77

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Chris Dupre '80 is considering a career change and would like your help. If you're an alumnus working in the computer graphics/interactive video field, he'd love to hear from you.
Write him at:
419 N. Williamsburg Dr.
Silver Spring, MD 20901
(301)461-8556

The scene at Stanford, photo courtesy of Geoffrey Rothwell '75.
The Evergreen Review
Published by Information Services and Publications
The Evergreen State College

Alumni Calendar of Events

February
Tuesdays, February 27
Quality Inn, Capital Hill
Alumni Bill Fertig Photography Studio

March
Friday, March 2
Alumni John Benedict's Alumni Gathering

Saturday, March 30, 8 p.m.
Evergreen Express Series in the Experimental Theatre

April
Friday, April 20, 8 p.m.
Traditional music and step dancing. Recital Hall. Sponsored by KAOS

Saturday and Sunday, April 21 & 22
7th anniversary of International Earth Day. Call 888-6000, ext. 6058 for details.

June
Saturday, June 2
This alumni event on Super Saturday begins with the Breakfast Bash and annual meeting. The big day concludes with a hot Alumni dance.

July
July 1-15
Lake Chelan Chicken Festival. Volunteers, hear the call and sign up now!

Legend: The year is in parentheses after the event description.