

Team Type F

Round 1

Figure 1. Prevalence (unadjusted) of diarrheal illness among BF versus FF infants (mean \pm SEM).

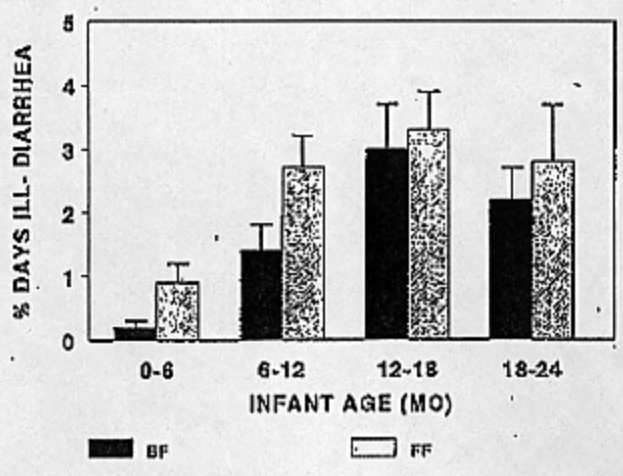
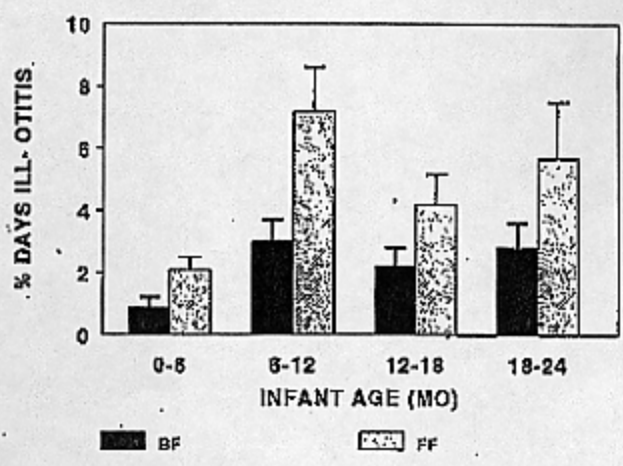


Figure 2. Prevalence (unadjusted) of otitis media among BF versus FF infants (mean \pm SEM).



Round 2

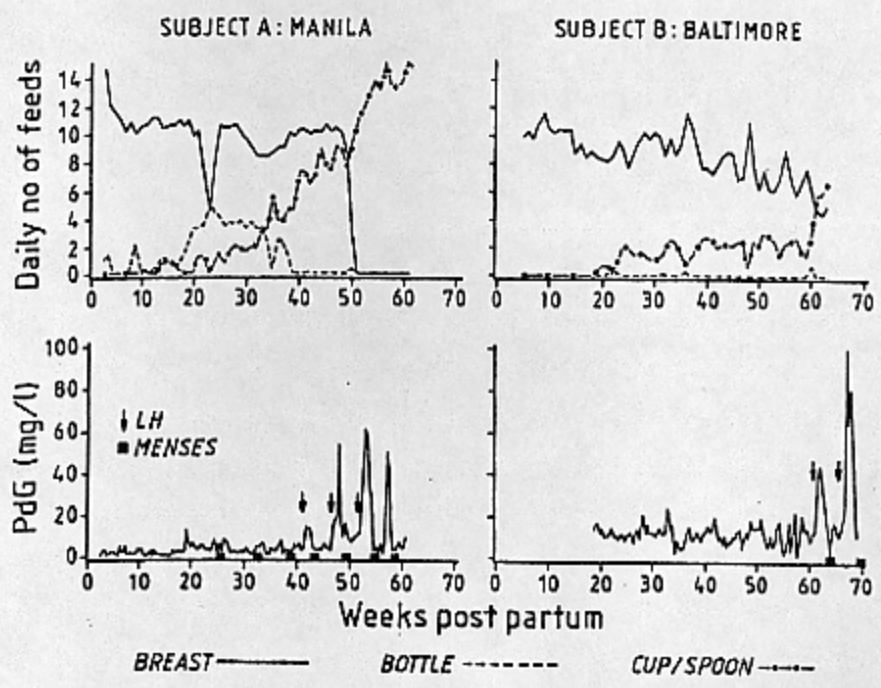


Fig 2—Patterns of infant feeding in relation to urinary PdG levels, LH peaks, and menses in 2 subjects.

Subject A reduced breastfeeding around 23 weeks owing to illness and had an anovular bleed in week 25, but resumed frequent nursing and weaned infant at 50 weeks. Length of nursing was about 12 min per feed. First ovulation occurred at 42 weeks with abnormally low PdG excretion; subsequent three ovulations were normal.

Subject B breastfed intensively with a fairly constant length of nursing, about 10 min per feed. First menses on week 64 followed an ovulation with an inadequate luteal phase, but subsequent ovulation was normal.