

This test is due on Monday, July 9th at 9:00 am. You may refer to your notes and textbooks, but you must not consult with other people. Please show all your work.

- In the absence of predation, a population of fish grows according to the difference equation

$$\Delta P = rP(1 - P)$$

where P is measured in units so that the carrying capacity is 1. Suppose fish are harvested at a rate proportional to the number of fish so that the new difference equation is

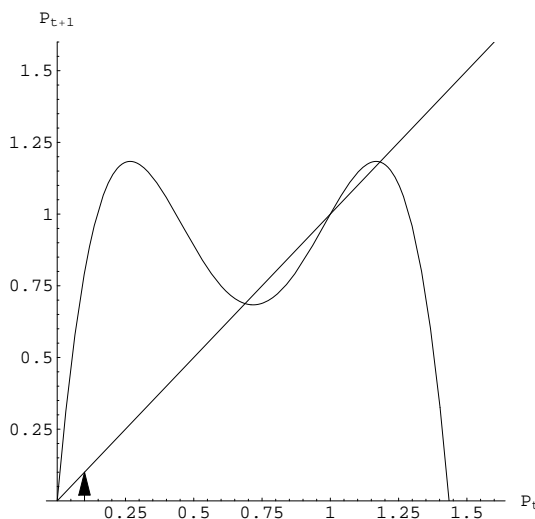
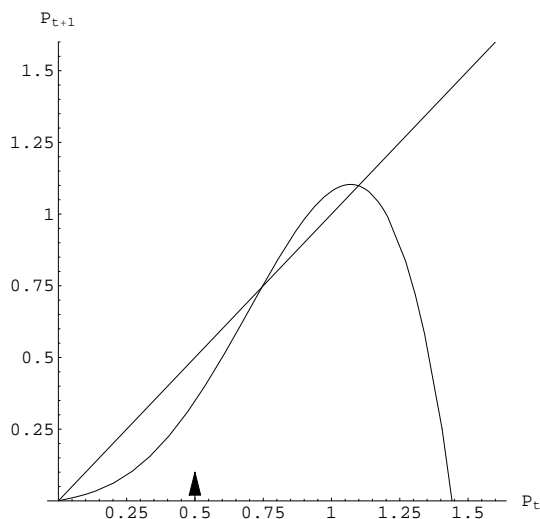
$$\Delta P = rP(1 - P) - hP$$

where h is a proportionality constant indicating the degree of harvesting.

- What is the biologically meaningful range of values for h ?
 - Find the equilibrium points for the population with harvesting, expressing your answer in terms of h and r . Indicate the stability of the equilibria.
 - Determine the harvesting level for which the only equilibrium is at $P = 0$.
- For the following non-linear model

$$P_{t+1} = AP_t + B(P_t)^3$$

- Write down an expression for the per capita growth rate.
 - What is the per capita growth rate at $P = 0$?
 - For what population is the per capita growth rate zero?
- For each of the following graphs showing P_{t+1} vs P_t for some population label all the equilibrium points, indicate their stability, and draw a cobweb diagram showing the population for four time steps. starting at the point indicated



4. In a particular patch of forest there are only maple and fir trees. Suppose 1% of fir die each year and 4% of maple die each year. Whenever a tree dies a new tree grow in its place. Suppose that 80% of new trees are maple and 20% of new trees are fir. If we let f represent the number of firs and m represent the number of maples, write down a matrix equation for the growth of trees in the forest.
5. Given the following matrices,

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -3 \\ 4 & 1 \end{pmatrix}, \quad B = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}, \quad C = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 & 4 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 \end{pmatrix}, \quad D = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 2 \\ 4 & -1 \\ 5 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

evaluate the following, without a calculator.

- (a) CD
- (b) B^3
- (c) A^{-1}
6. The following is the Leslie matrix for a certain animal population divided into two five year classes

$$M = \begin{pmatrix} 2/3 & 3/2 \\ 2/9 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

- (a) Interpret each of the numbers in the matrix.
- (b) Find the eigenvalues λ_1 and λ_2 and the eigenvectors \vec{v}_1 and \vec{v}_2 for this matrix – show all your work.
- (c) If the initial population of the two classes is

$$\vec{x}_o = \begin{pmatrix} 100 \\ 100 \end{pmatrix}$$

find the scalars c_1 and c_2 such that

$$\vec{x}_o = c_1\vec{v}_1 + c_2\vec{v}_2$$

- (d) Write down the general solution for \vec{x}_t in terms of eigenvectors and eigenvalues.
- (e) Describe the long term behavior of the population. That is describe the steady state solution and sketch a graph of each population group as a function of time, clearly showing the transient behavior on your graph.