Introduction to Natural Science, Fall 2006 Chemistry Workshop – Week 8

- 1. Assign oxidation states for all atoms in each of the following compounds.
 - KMnO₄
 - NiO₂
 - $Na_4Fe(OH)_6$
 - P₄O₆
 - XeOF₄
 - $C_6H_{12}O_6$
 - NO₃-
 - NH_4^+
- 2. Specify which of the following are redox reactions and determine the oxidizing agent and the reducing agent.
 - $\operatorname{Cu}(s) + 2\operatorname{Ag}^+(\operatorname{aq}) \rightarrow 2\operatorname{Ag}(s) + \operatorname{Cu}^{2+}(\operatorname{aq})$
 - $HCl(g) + NH_3(g) \rightarrow NH_4Cl(s)$
 - $\operatorname{SiCl}_4(l) + 2\operatorname{H}_2O(l) \rightarrow 4\operatorname{HCl}(aq) + \operatorname{SiO}_2(s)$
- 3. Calculate the molarity of each of the following solutions.
 - A 5.623 g sample of NaHCO₃ is dissolved in enough water to make a 250.00 mL solution.
 - A 184.56 mg sample of K₂Cr₂O₇ is dissolved in enough water to make a 500.00 mL solution.
- 4. Calculate the concentration of all ions present in the following solutions.
 - 0.124 mol of Ca(NO₃)₂ in 100.00 mL of solution
 - 5.34 g of NH₄Cl in 450.00 mL of solution
- 5. What mass of NaOH is contained in 250.00 mL of 0.400 M sodium hydroxide solution?
- 6. How would you prepare 2.00 L of 0.250 M KOH starting from solid KOH?
- 7. How would you prepare 250.00 mL of 0.700 M NaOH starting from 2.00 M NaOH solution?