

4.1

6) $u = e^x \cos y$

a) WTS: $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x \partial y} = \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y \partial x}$

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = e^x \cos y$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \right) = -e^x \sin y$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x \partial y} = -e^x \sin y$$

$$\therefore \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x \partial x} = \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y \partial y}$$

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = -e^x \sin y$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial y} \right) = -e^x \sin y$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x \partial y} = -e^x \sin y$$

b) WTS: $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} = 0$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \right) = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (e^x \cos y)$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} = e^x \cos y$$

$$\therefore \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} = e^x \cos y - e^x \cos y = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial y} \right) = \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (-e^x \sin y)$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} = -e^x \cos y$$

4.4

7) $F = \frac{k q_1 q_2}{r^2}$ Find relative error in q_2 if relative error in

F is 2%; q_1 , 3%; r , 5%.

$$dF = \pm 0.02 F \Rightarrow \left| \frac{dF}{F} \right| = 0.02$$

$$dq_1 = \pm 0.03 q_1 \Rightarrow \left| \frac{dq_1}{q_1} \right| = 0.03$$

$$dr = \pm 0.05 r \Rightarrow \left| \frac{dr}{r} \right| = 0.05$$

$$q_2 = \frac{Fr^2}{kq_1}$$

taking \ln of both sides we get

$$\ln q_2 = \ln \frac{Fr^2}{kq_1}$$

$$\ln q_2 = \ln F + 2 \ln r - \ln k - \ln q_1$$

taking the derivative

$$\left| \frac{dq_2}{q_2} \right| = \left| \frac{dF}{F} + 2 \frac{dr}{r} - \frac{dq_1}{q_1} \right| \leq \left| \frac{dF}{F} \right| + 2 \left| \frac{dr}{r} \right| + \left| \frac{dq_1}{q_1} \right|$$

$$\leq 0.02 + 2(0.05) + 0.03$$

$$\leq 0.15 = 15\%$$

4.5

$$3) r = e^{-p^2 - q^2}, \quad p = e^s, \quad q = e^{-s}$$

WTF: $\frac{dr}{ds}$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dr}{ds} &= \frac{\partial r}{\partial p} \frac{dp}{ds} + \frac{\partial r}{\partial q} \frac{dq}{ds} \\ &= -2pr \cdot p - 2qr(-q) \\ &= -2p^2r + 2q^2r \\ &= 2r(q^2 - p^2) \end{aligned}$$

4.7

$$22) w = f(ax + by)$$

$$\text{WTS: } b \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} - a \frac{\partial w}{\partial y} = 0$$

Let $z = ax + by$, then $w = f(z)$ and

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} &= \frac{dw}{dz} \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} = a \frac{dw}{dz} \\ \frac{\partial w}{\partial y} &= \frac{dw}{dz} \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} = b \frac{dw}{dz} \end{aligned}$$

So

$$b \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} - a \frac{\partial w}{\partial y} = ba \frac{dw}{dz} - ab \frac{dw}{dz} = 0$$

Q.E.D.