From Jesus to Christianity, Part I Religion and Society: Fall 2009

- I. Major Events and Texts
- **II. Some Main Factions in Judea**
- **III.** The Eschatological Tradition

and on Saturday ...

- **IV. Jesus' Mission and Crucifixion**
- V. Changing Images of Jesus, 30-100
- VI. Views on Jesus' Relation to God

Major Events and Texts

- 539 BCE: Persia conquers Babylon End of exile
 - *330:* Alexander the Great conquers Persia
 - *323:* Death of Alexander Seleucid Empire
 - 168: Revolt of the Maccabees (Hasmoneans)
 - 63 BCE: Hasmoneans rule as Roman clients
- 30 BCE-14 CE: Reign of Augustus
 - 6 CE: Direct Roman rule of Judea
- c. 6 BCE-33 CE: Life of Jesus (Yeshua ben loseph)

26-36: Pontius Pilate is governor of Judea

- c. 48-60: Epistles of Paul
 - c. 50: Q (Quelle; "Source")
 - c. 50?: Gospel of Thomas (Nag Hammadi)
 - 66-70: Jewish Revolt; Temple destroyed
- c. 68-70: Gospel of Mark
- c. 80-90: Gospels of Matthew and Luke
- c. 90-100: Gospel of John
- c. 125-150: "P"; earliest surviving NT fragment

Factions in Judea (early 1st C.)

Sadducees:

- Priestly aristocracy of Jerusalem
- Responsible for rituals at Temple
- Intermediaries between Romans and Jews
- Disappeared after fall of Temple

Pharisees:

- Centered in synagogues
- Lay readers, interpreters of Torah
- Politically heterogenous
- Precursors of rabbis; leaders after fall of Temple

Essenes:

- Separatist groups avoided Temple
- Dead Sea Scrolls (Qumram)
- May have joined zealots during revolt

Zealots:

- Violently resisted Roman rule (*lestai, sicarii*)
- Apocalyptic, watched for a messiah

"End of Times" and the Messiah

Apocalyptic Eschatology

= Revelation of knowledge of the end of time Recurring theme in Judaism 2nd c. BCE-2nd c. CE

Main elements:

- "Day of the Lord" God's army victorious
 Led by God Himself?
 - Led by God's messiah?
- Unrighteous punished, idolatry eliminated
- Kingdom of God established, everlasting peace
 - $_{\odot}$ Israel, Jerusalem, Temple restored
 - Exiles will return
 - \odot Gentiles transformed, at peace w/ Jews

Messiah (cf. *meshiach*, "anointed one")

- rooted in Davidic tradition
- a human military leader, divinely endowed (cf. ls. 45
- dying messiah falls in battle
- cf. "Son of Man" (Dan. 7; 2 Esd. 13)